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<b>Life on Planet &amp; Natural Resources</b>					
<b>Climate Change</b>	Product Carbon Footprint (PCF)				<i>High PCF due to air freight (&gt; 20 kg CO<sub>2</sub> eq./kg product at store)</i>
<b>Biodiversity Loss</b>	Loss of biodiversity & biosphere integrity				<i>Healthy stocks, very low bycatch, no ETP interaction</i>
<b>Habitat Degradation</b>	Destruction of Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems (VMEs)				<i>No interaction of fishing gear with marine habitats</i>
<b>Freshwater Depletion</b>	Risk of freshwater depletion				<i>No freshwater use</i>
<b>Eutrophication</b>	Discharge of nitrogen (N) and phosphorous (P)				<i>No use and discharge of N-P compounds</i>
<b>Toxic Compounds</b>	Pollution with toxic chemicals and pesticides				<i>No use and discharge of toxic compounds</i>
<b>People &amp; Coastal Communities</b>					
<b>Human Rights</b>	Human rights & decent work conditions				<i>Rough working conditions at sea, low risk of abuse</i>
<b>Workers' Safety</b>	Exposure to health & safety hazards				<i>Moderate risk at sea during critical weather conditions</i>
<b>Community Inclusiveness</b>	Fair value chain participation by communities				<i>Community based fishery, high value participation</i>
<b>Animal Welfare</b>					
<b>Living Conditions</b>	Natural behaviour during lifetime				<i>Life in the wild, no husbandry systems</i>
<b>Physical Stress</b>	Stress & physical damage during or after capture				<i>High stress during catch and hauling</i>
<b>Humane Slaughter</b>	Pain & suffering during slaughter				<i>Stunning performed, but no proper killing</i>



BLUEYOU OCEAN IMPACT TRACKER

METHODOLOGY FOR ASSESSMENT AND SCORING GUIDEPOST WILD CAUGHT SEAFOOD

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Assessment Date: November 20 2023  
 Assessor Name: Fabian Mollet  
 Unit of Origin Code: W-YFT-1

Species Name: Yellowfin Tuna  
 Country of Origin: Philippines  
 Catch & Harvesting Area: Philippines Coastal Waters, Western Central Pacific (FAO 71)  
 Origin Type: Wild Capture Fisheries  
 Farming / Fishing Method: Handline Single Hook  
 Operation Type: Small-scale / Community based

LIFE ON PLANET & NATURAL RESOURCES							
Impact Dimension	Parameter for Evaluation	Assesment Indicators and Metrics	Scoring Guidepost			Score	Comments and Remarks for Assessment
			1 Negative impact / Critical performance	2 Moderate impact / Acceptable performance	3 Positive impact / Good performance		
Climate Change Impact	LCA-based carbon footprint	Carbon Footprint in Kg Co2 Eq. / kg final product on POS in market	High footprint (> 8.0 kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq./kg product at store)	Moderate footprint (3.0 - 8.0 kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq./kg product at store)	Low footprint (< 3.0 kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq./kg product at store)	1	High PCF due to air freight (>20kg CO <sub>2</sub> eq. / kg product)
Ecosystems & Biodiversity	Biospere integrity and biodiversity loss	Biodiversity loss, ETP impact, overexploitation	Critical biodiversity loss OR significant mortality of ETP species, threatening ecosystem integrity OR stocks overexploited through fishery under assessment	Moderate risk for biodiversity loss, marginal mortality of ETP species, low risk of ecosystem integrity change, no overexploitation by the fishery under assessment	No risk for biodiversity loss, negligible mortality of ETP species, no risk of ecosystem integrity change, no overexploitation for any of the affected species	3	YFT stock status in WCPO is safe. Fishery highly selective for large tuna. Small pelagics and squid used as bait, caught during the fishing trip.
Habitat Degradation	Habitat system change due fishing gear impact	Destructiveness of fishing gear versus sensitivity of habitat	Irreversible damage and long term degradation to sensitive habitats	Moderate gear-sea/foor interaction, not highly sensitive habitat, causing some damage that is reversible	No gear-sea/foor interaction	3	No interaction of fishing gear with marine habitats
Freshwater Use	Depletion of freshwater	Use of freshwater and risk of depletion (feed and farming)	High consumption and critical risk for depletion	Moderate consumption / freshwater no depletion risk	No use of freshwater	3	No freshwater use
Eutrophication	Discharge of critical nutrients (N,P)	Risk of eutrophication in feed production and aquaculture	High risk (agriculture and aquaculture)	Moderate risk	Low / No Risk	3	No use and discharge of N-P compounds
Toxic Compounds	Pollution with chemicals and pesticides	Use of chemicals, pesticides, antibiotics and toxic compounds	Frequent and continous use as part of SOP	Moderate and occasional use under GAP	No use as part of SOP	3	No use and discharge of toxic compounds

PEOPLE & COASTAL COMMUNITIES							
Human Rights & Work Conditions	Human rights and decent work conditions	Risk for human right abuse and critical work conditions (fishing and processing)	High risk	Moderate risk	Low risk	2	Rough working conditions at sea, low risk of abuse
Workers' Safety	Safe working conditons along supply chain	Risk for critical working conditions on fishery fleet and processing level	High risk	Moderate risk	Low risk	2	Moderate safety at sea during critical weather conditions
Community Inclusiveness	Fair value and participation of communities	Level of involvement of local community in fishing operation and value chain	No / Low	Moderate	High	3	Community based fishery, high value participation

ANIMAL WELFARE							
Living Conditions & Quality of Life	Husbandry system which respects natural behaviour	Husbandry systems, species appropriate stocking densities, natural environment	n.a.	n.a.	Default selector for wild caught seafood systems in their natural, wild environment (species live)	3	Life in the wild, no husbandry systems
Capture, Harvesting & Handling	Reducing stress during harvesting & handling	Risk of exposure to prolonged stress, pain and injuries	High risk for prolonged stress during catch, pain and multiple injuries, high by-catch rates, risk for ghost gear mortalities	Moderate exposure to stress, improved handling and quick process of catch and handling	Optimized handling to reduce stress to minimum	1	High stress during catch and hauling
Stunning & Humane Slaughter	Stunning before slaughtering	Objective: Vertebrate and Decapod Crustacean are stunned prior to killing	No stunning and prolonged suffering prior to death	No stunning but moderate risk for prolonged suffering	Effective stunning in place within minimal time between stunning and slaughter	2	Stunning performed, but no proper killing