IMPACT DIMENSION IMPACT INDICATOR

PERFORMANCE

RATIONALE

Life on Planet & Natural Resources

| Climate Change | Product Carbon Footprint (PCF) | | Low PCF (< 3.0 kg CO ₂ eq./kg product at store) |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Biodiversity Loss | Loss of biodiversity & biosphere integrity | | Healthy stock levels, no overfishing, no bycatch |
| Habitat Degradation | Destruction of Vulnerable Marine Ecosystems (VMEs) | | Very limited interaction, not critical |
| Freshwater Depletion | Risk of freshwater depletion | | No freshwater use |
| Eutrophication | Discharge of nitrogen (N) and phosphorous (P) | | No use and discharge of N-P compounds |
| Toxic Compounds | Pollution with toxic chemicals and pesticides | | No use and discharge of toxic compounds |
| | | | |

People & Coastal Communities

| Human Rights | Human rights & decent work conditions | No risk of abuse, decent working conditions |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| Workers' Safety | Exposure to health & safety hazards | High safety standards / low risk (fishing, processing) |
| Community Inclusiveness | Fair value chain participation by communities | Community-based fishery with fair value share |
| | | |

| Human Rights | Human rights & decent work conditions | | No risk of abuse, decent working conditions |
|-------------------------|--|--|--|
| Workers' Safety | Exposure to health & safety hazards | | High safety standards / low risk (fishing, processing) |
| Community Inclusiveness | Fair value chain participation by communities | | Community-based fishery with fair value share |
| Animal Welfare | | | |
| Living Conditions | Natural behaviour during lifetime | | Life in the wild, no husbandry systems |
| Physical Stress | Stress & physical damage during or after capture | | Moderate stress during hauling and handling |
| Humane Slaughter | Pain & suffering during slaugther | | No stunning applied after catch |
| | | | |



BLUEYOU OCEAN IMPACT TRACKER

METHODOLOGY FOR ASSESSMENT AND SCORING GUIDEPOST WILD CAUGHT SEAFOOD

Version 1.0 Oct 2023

Effective stunning in place within minimal time between stunning and slaughter

Moderate stress during hauling and handling

No stunning applied after catch

Assessment Date: Assessor Name: Unit of Origin Code:

Capture, Harvesting & Handling

Stunning & Humane Slaughter

November 20 2023 Fabian Mollet

Reducing stress during harvesting & handling

Stunning before slaughtering

Risk of exposure to prolonged stress, pain and injuries

prior to killing

Objective: Vertebrate and Decapod Crustacean are stunned

No stunning and prolonged suffering prior to death

Species Name Country of Origin Catch & Harvesting Area

Alaska (USA) Wood River, Bristol Bay, Alaska, USA (FAO 67)

Sockeye Salmon

Origin Type Wild Capture Fisheries Farming / Fishing Method Manual Beach Net (EU code: NK)

| | | | | Operation Type | Community Fishery | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| LIFE ON PLANET & NATURAL RESO | DURCES | | | | | | |
| Impact Dimension | Parameter for Evaluation | Asessement Indicators and Metrics | Scoring Guidepost | | | | Comments and Remarks for Assessment |
| - | | | 1 Negative impact / Critical performance | 2 Moderate impact / Acceptable performance | 3 Positive impact / Good performance | | |
| Climate Change Impact | LCA-based carbon footprint | Carbon Footprint in Kg CO ₂ eq. / kg final product on POS in market | High footprint (> 8.0 kg CO ₂ eq./kg product at store) | Moderate footprint [3.0 - 8.0 kg CO ₃ eq./kg product at store] | Low footprint [< 3.0 kg CO ₂ eq./kg product at store] | 3 | Low PCF (<3.0 kg CO2 eq./kg product at store) |
| Ecosystems & Biodiversity | Biospere integrity and biodiversity loss | Biodiversity loss, ETP impact, overexploitation | Critical biodiversity loss OR significant mortality of ETP species, threatening ecosystem integrity OR stocks overexploited through fishery under assessment | Moderate risk for biodiversity loss, marginal mortality of ETP species, lor risk of ecosystem integrity change, no overexploitation by the fishery under assessment | w No risk for biodiversity loss, negligible mortality of ETP species, no risk of ecosystem integrity change, no overexploitation for any of the affected species | 3 | Healthy stock levels, no overfishing, no by-catch |
| Habitat Degradation | Habitat system change due fishing gear impact | Destructivness of fishing gear versus sensitivity of habitat | Irreversible damage and long term degradation to sensitive habitat | Moderate gear-seafloor interaction, not highly sensitive habitat, causing some damage that is reversible | No gear-seafloor interaction | 3 | Very limited interaction, not critical |
| Freshwater Use | Depletion of freshwater | Use of freshwater and risk of depletion (feed and farming) | High consumption and critical risk for depletion | Moderate consumption / freshwater no depletion risk | No use of freshwater | 3 | No freshwater use |
| Eutrophication | Discharge of critical nutrients (N,P) | Risk of eutrophication in feed production and aquaculture | High risk (agriculture and aquaculture) | Moderate risk | Low / No Risk | 3 | No use and discharge of N-P compounds |
| Toxic Compounds | Pollution with chemicals and pesticides | Use of chemicals, pesticides, antibiotics and toxic compounds | Frequent and continous use as part of SOP | Moderate and occasional use under GAP | No use as part of SOP | 3 | No use and discharge of toxic compounds |
| | | | | | | | |
| PEOPLE & COASTAL COMMUNITIE | ES | | | | | | |
| Human Rights & Work Conditions | Human rights and decent work conditions | Risk for human right abuse and critical work conditions (fishing and processing) | High risk | Moderate risk | Low risk | 3 | No abuse risk, decent working conditions |
| Workers' Safety | Safe working conditons along supply chain | Risk for critical working conditions on fishery fleet and processing level | High risk | Moderate risk | Low risk | 3 | High safety standards / low risk (fishing, processing) |
| Community Inclusiveness | Fair value and participation of communities | Level of involvement of local community in fishing operation and value chain | No / Low | Moderate | High | 3 | Community-based fishery with fair value share |
| | · | · | · | · | · | | |
| ANIMAL WELFARE | | | | | | | |
| Living Conditions & Quality of Life | Husbandy system which respects natural behaviour | Husbandry systems, species appropriate stocking densities, natural environment | n.a. | n.a. | Default selector for wild caught seafood systems (species live in their natural, wild environment) | 3 | Life in the wild, no husbandry systems |

High risk for prolonged stress during catch, pain and multiple injuries, Moderate exposure to stress, improved handling and quick process of high by-catch rates, risk for ghost gear mortalities catch and handling

No stunning but moderate risk for prolonged suffering